

# Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnerships Semi-annual Report CV11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Overtons Data

CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters Data Urban Core

Rhode Island Department of Children, Youth & Families May 2012

# Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnerships Semi-annual Report CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters Urban Core

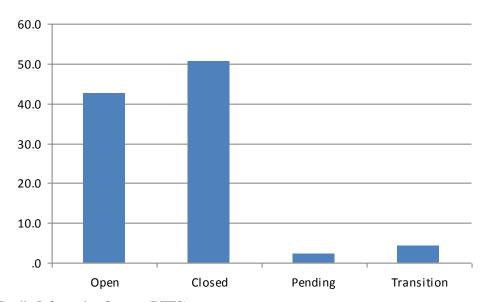
#### Introduction

The Rhode Island Department of Children Youth & Families presents the Rhode Island Family Care Community Partnership semi-annual report, Calendar Year 2011 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarter. The report provides summary data on families opened to the FCCP from July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. This report has changed in two main ways from previous RI FCCP reports. This report combines data from a 6 month time period whereas previous reports presented data on a quarterly basis. Consistent with the change in August 2011 moving to a WRAP practice model for all families in the FCCP, this report reflects data on all families that receive WRAP, except in a few graphs / tables where required.

## **I.** Characteristics of Active Families

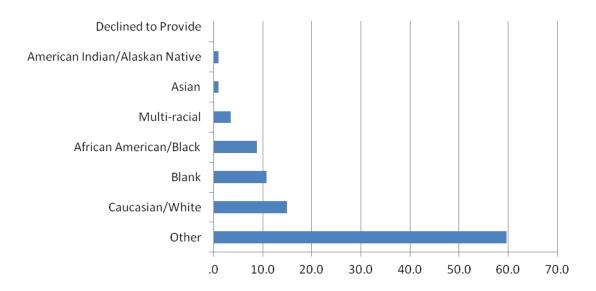
The Urban Core (UC) Family Care Community Partnerships (FCCPs) had 766 families active during the CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters (active defined as opened at least 1 day or greater during the quarter). The total number of children served by the FCCP during these 2 quarters was 1275. A "target" child is identified within a family to allow for a single family record. A family may have more than one child receiving supports and/or services in the FCCP. Figure 1 shows the proportion of UC families within different stages of their FCCP involvement.

Figure 1: Percentage of Families in UC FCCP by FCCP Disposition, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters



Data Source: RI Family Information System (RIFIS)

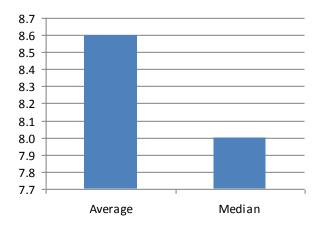
Figure 2: Race of Target Child in UC FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS. Note: Technical error occurred in ethnicity, data in "other" is predominantly Latino ethnicity

Figure 3 shows the average and median age of the child. The median age of the child has remained consistent throughout CY11, age 8.

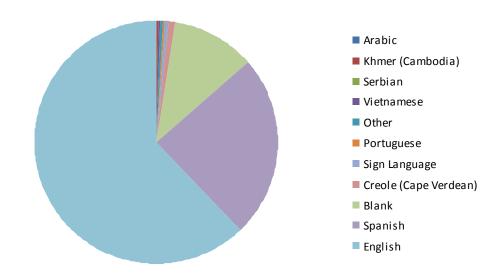
Figure 3: Average and Median Age of Target Child in UC FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 4 shows the primary language of target children. Sixty two percent of the children speak English as their first language. The second language spoken by target children is Spanish (24%).

Figure 4: Target Child Primary Language in UC FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

#### III. Eligibility Criteria

There are three FCCP eligibility categories. A family may be eligible due to more than one eligibility criteria. Figure 5 shows the percent of FCCP families by their eligibility criteria. Seventy seven percent of children are at risk of child abuse or neglect.

90
80
70
60
50
40
30
20
10
Risk for Child Serious Emotional YDC Abuse/Neglect Disturbance (SED)

Figure 5: Percent of UC Families by Eligibility Criteria, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can check all that apply.

# IV. Response Priority: Response severity among families and face-to-face contact time by Quarter

Figure 6 shows the percentage of families broken down by their respective response priority/category at the time of intake. The greatest proportion of active families was classified as "routine" rather than emergency or urgent within response priority (response severity). This trend has been consistent across quarters since the FCCP inception.

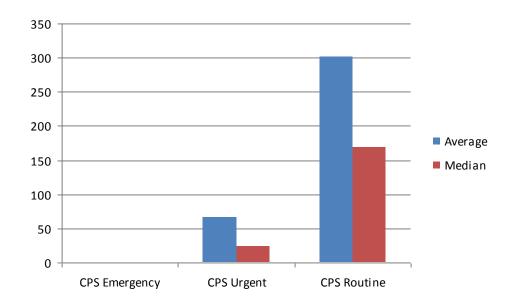
60.0
50.0
40.0
30.0
20.0
10.0
CPS Emergency CPS Urgent CPS Routine Crisis (without Routine Referral DCYF CPS Involvement)

Figure 6: Percent of UC Families by Response Priority, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

Data Source: RIFIS

Each of the 3 DCYF severity-level response categories (Emergency, Urgent, and Routine) has a corresponding first face-to-face contact response time as defined in the FCCP Practice Standards. The largest proportion of CPS referrals is classified as routine. The median length of time to make a face-to-face visit with a family identified as routine has remained at 7 days as in the previous two quarters. Figure 7 displays data on the adherence to the FCCP standards for first face-to-face contact with family according to severity-level response category.

Figure 7: Average & median length of time (hours) to first face to face contact with family by Response Priority, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

### V. Median and Average Length of Time in FCCP

Table 1 displays data on the median and average length of time families who transitioned from the FCCP during over the two quarters. The median length of time, 7 months, has increased from the previous quarter. The data is based on date opened to the FCCP to FCCP close/transition.

Table 1: Median and Average Length of Time (days) in the UC FCCP

	CY11 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarters (N= 451)
Median:	204
Average:	223

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on number of closed cases during July 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011.

#### **VII. FCCP Referral Source**

Table 2 displays the percent of DCYF Child Protective and Intake referrals made to the FCCPs. Consistent with previous quarters, DCYF indicated investigation remains the greatest proportion of referral source among these three referral categories.

Table 2: Percent of DCYF Referral Sources, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Ouarters

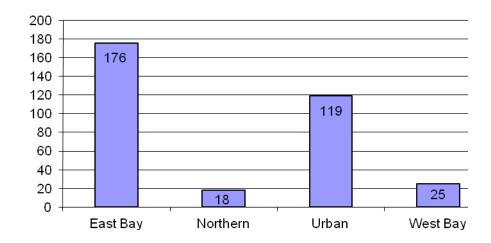
	CY11 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4th Quarters
DCYF: Indicated Investigation	33.2%
DCYF: CPI Request for Services	21.3%
DCYF: Intake ISR	4.7%

Data Source: RIFIS

# **IX. Number of Team Meeting Occurrences**

Figure 8 presents the number of team meeting occurrences by FCCP. The number of team meetings has increased quarter over quarter throughout CY2011. The table includes children/youth that were open to the FCCP for 30 days or greater as a mechanism to potentially reduce the number of children/youth who would be closed to the FCCP and have insufficient time to have a family team meeting occur.

Figure 8: Number of Team Meetings by FCCP, CY11  $3^{\rm rd}$  and  $4^{\rm th}$  Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS. Further analysis will be conducted.

#### X. Outcomes

# FCCP Close Reason - Differences by the Close Reason

Table 3 presents data on the FCCP close/transition reasons. The percent of families whose closed/transitioned reason was Practice Model completed and goals achieved (Wrap and Non Wrap) decreased in CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters as compared to CY11 2<sup>nd</sup> Quarter. Closed/transition reasons of "Unable to Contact Family", "Family declined service", "Family moved from the area" and "Transfer Target Child to another FCCP" increased during the last 2 quarters of CY11.

Table 3: Top 10 FCCP close reasons, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

FCCP Close Reason	CY11 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarters
FCCP Non Wrap completed	20.8%
Family withdrew without notice	18.0%
Unable to contact family	14.6%
Team agrees Wrap completed	13.5%
Family declined service	8.6%
Triaged and Referred Out	4.4%
Family moved out of area	3.8%
Target child opened to DCYF and removed in home	2.0%
Target child opened to DCYF and remained in home	1.8%
Transfer Target Child to another FCCP	1.8%
Family withdrew with notice	1.3%

Data Source: RIFIS.

Table 4 presents data on the top close reasons by referral source categories. Amongst the 5 referral sources, all families referred, excluding the Youth Development Center (YDC), the combined percent of families in the FCCP with "positive" close reasons of "team agrees the Wrap was completed" and "Non Wrap completed" comprise the largest proportion of close reasons in the 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters.

Table 4: Percent of FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 4 referral source categories, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

FCCP Close Reason	Referral Source				
	DCYF	YDC (DCYF)	Self-Referral	School	Other
Family declined service	11.1%	4.0%	10.3%	3.2%	0.0%
Family withdrew w/o notice	15.5%	32.0%	17.2%	30.2%	7.9%
FCCP Non Wrap completed	18.2%	4.0%	24.1%	28.6%	36.8%
Team agrees Wrap	13.2%	20.0%	6.9%	11.1%	21.1%
completed					
Unable to reach family	15.9%	12.0%	17.2%	9.5%	13.2%

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on the number of closed cases during July 1 to December 31, 2011.

Table 5 presents data on FCCP top close reasons by CPS Indicated Investigation, CPI Request for Services, DCYF Intake ISR and Self Referral by quarter. For the two CPS referral sources, Indicated Investigation and Intake ISR, the largest proportion of "close reasons" was the combination of "FCCP Non Wrap completed" and "Team agrees Wrap Completed". DCYF CPI Request for Services had the highest proportion of "unable to reach family" and "family declined service" (combined 37.2%) which increased from CY11 2<sup>nd</sup> quarter.

Table 5: Percent of FCCP Top 5 close reasons by 4 Referral Sources, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

	DCYF: Indicated	DCYF: CPI	DCYF: Intake ISR	Self-Referral
	Investigation	Request for		
		Services		
Family declined	11.3%	12.7%	4.3%	10.3%
service				
Family withdrew	17.3%	14.7%	8.7%	17.2%
w/o notice				
FCCP Non Wrap	20.2%	7.8%	43.5%	24.1%
completed				
Team agrees Wrap	11.9%	13.7%	17.3%	6.9%
completed				
Unable to reach	13.1%	24.5%	0.0%	17.2%
family				

Data source: RIFIS

Table 6 presents data on cases with a close reason reportedly as "opened to DCYF". Child opened to DCYF refers to opening to DCYF Family Service Unit or DCYF juvenile probation.

Table 6: Percent of FCCP families with Close Reason reported as "Opened to DCYF", CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

	CY11 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarters
Child opened to DCYF	3.8%

Data Source: RIFIS. Data based on the number of closed cases during CY11 3rd and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters. Open to DCYF defined as to DCYF FSU or DCYF probation assigned or YDC

#### **XI. Functional Assessments**

In addition to reasons for the family transition or closing as an outcome measure, functional assessments such as the North Carolina Family Assessment, among others, inform as to whether the family has made family functional improvement as it relates to the Wrap model approach.

The completion of the NCFAS is low and is consistent with the trends observed since the inception of the FCCP's. Just over half of children (56.0%) who are opened more than 30 days to an agency have a NCFAS baseline completed. Forty four percent of the 394 children who closed/transitioned between July and December, 2011 and were open for greater than 30 days to an agency had a baseline and transition NCFAS.

In addition to the NCFAS, the Ages and Stages Questionnaire and the Ohio Scales are two age dependent assessments whose completion rates remains low. Of those children who were open for greater than 30 days to an agency and were less than 5, only 15.3% had a baseline ASQ. Fourteen percent of children who were open for greater than 30 days to an agency and were age 5 and older had a baseline Ohio Scales Parent Rating.

Table 7 provides data on the average number of days to complete the NCFAS from family opening to the FCCP. The FCCP standards for completing a baseline NCFAS is 45 days.

Table 7: Average Number of days for NCFAS completion by Region, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

	CY11 3 <sup>rd</sup> & 4 <sup>th</sup> Quarters
Average number of days to complete NCFAS baseline	25.2

Data Source: RIFIS

# NCFAS Outcomes, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

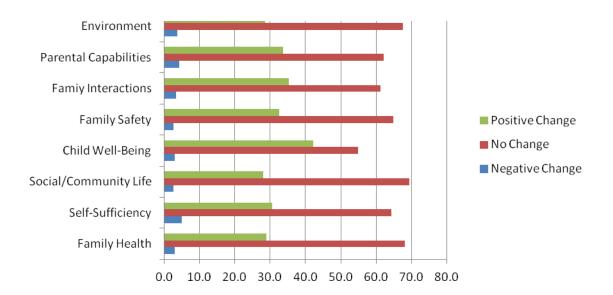
A 6 point scale is used to rate families ranging from "serious problem (-3)" to "clear strength (+2)". Table 8 shows the percent of ratings in each NCFAS domain at intake and transition. Families appear to be improving in each of the domain areas.

Table 8: Percent of ratings in each NCFAS domain at intake and discharge (N=238)

	Serious	Moderate	Mild	Baseline/	Mild	Clear
	Problem	Problem	Problem	Adequate	Strength	Strength
	(-3)	(-2)	(-1)	(0)	(+1)	(+2)
Environment	( - )	( – /	( -/	(*)	( - )	(:=)
Intake	5.0	7.6	17.6	42.9	21.0	5.9
Transition	1.7	3.8	8.5	48.7	29.9	7.3
Parental Capabilities						
Intake	3.4	11.4	27.4	36.7	16.9	4.2
Transition	2.1	6.8	13.1	42.6	29.5	5.9
Family Interactions						
Intake	2.6	14.5	20.0	40.0	17.9	5.1
Transition	0.0	6.4	11.9	47.7	27.2	6.8
Family Safety						
Intake	6.4	26.0	26.8	29.8	9.4	1.7
Transition	3.8	8.9	15.7	46.0	22.6	3.0
Child Well-Being						
Intake	4.6	12.7	25.7	30.4	19.4	7.2
Transition	1.7	5.1	19.5	37.3	29.2	7.2
Social/Community Life						
Intake	2.1	5.9	18.6	57.8	13.9	1.7
Transition	0.0	4.2	10.6	53.8	28.8	2.5
Self-Sufficiency						
Intake	4.6	12.7	25.7	30.4	19.4	7.2
Transition	1.7	5.1	19.5	37.3	29.2	7.2
Family Health						
Intake	0.8	15.6	29.1	36.7	13.5	4.2
Transition	0.8	5.5	17.4	50.4	21.6	4.2

Data Source: RIFIS

Figure 9 shows the amount of change a family experiences from intake to transition in each of the NCFAS domains. For example, a family received a "-2" rating in the Environment domain at intake and at transition they received a "-1" rating. This change shows up as a positive change in the figure below. While a majority of the families did not experience any change from intake to transition, significant positive changes were found in all domains, ranging from 28.1% to 35.3%. A small number of families experienced negative changes in each of the domain areas, ranging from 2.6% to 5.1%.

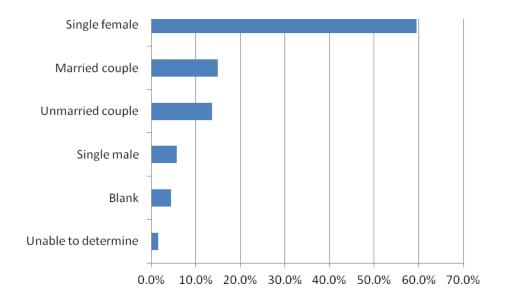


XII. FCCP Intake Data: Intake Data During July 1, 2011 through December 31, 2011. Additional Child and Family Characteristics

The following figures show information taken from intakes conducted during July 1 to December 31, 2011. There were 574 intakes completed during these two quarters. The 1563 families who are reported on in this report and were open to the FCCP during CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> quarters may have had their intake to the FCCP prior to July 1, 2011 and would not be reflected in the following figures.

Figure 10 shows the family structure of the target child. Over 50 percent of the households are headed by single females.

Figure 10: Family Structure of Target Child at Intake in UC FCCP, CY11 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> Quarters

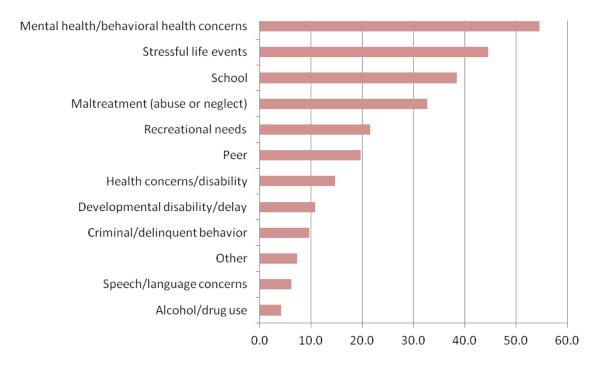


Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. This is not representative of the 1563 families presented in this report because some intakes were completed prior to CY11  $3^{rd}$  and  $4^{th}$  Quarters.

Figure 11 shows the presenting concerns of the target child. Over fifty percent of the children indicated mental/behavioral health as a concern (54.6%), followed closely by stressful life events (44.6%).

Figure 11: Percent of Presenting Concerns of Target Child at Intake in UC FCCP, CY11  $3^{\rm rd}$  and  $4^{\rm th}$  Quarters

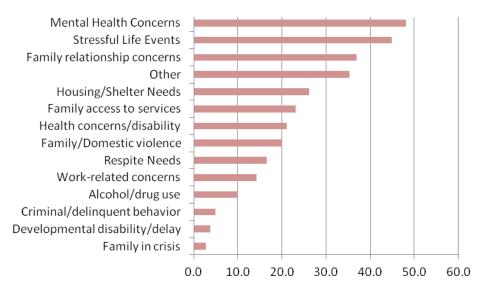


Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can indicate up to five presenting concerns.

Figure 12 shows the percent of the caregiver/family presenting concerns. Forty eight percent had mental health concerns, followed by 45 percent who had stressful life events.

Figure 12: Percent of Caregiver/Family Presenting Concerns at Intake in UC FCCP, CY11  $3^{\rm rd}$  and  $4^{\rm th}$  Quarters



Data Source: RIFIS

FCCP Intake 1A was completed during July 1, to December 31, 2011. The numbers are not mutually exclusive because the end user can indicate up to five presenting concerns.